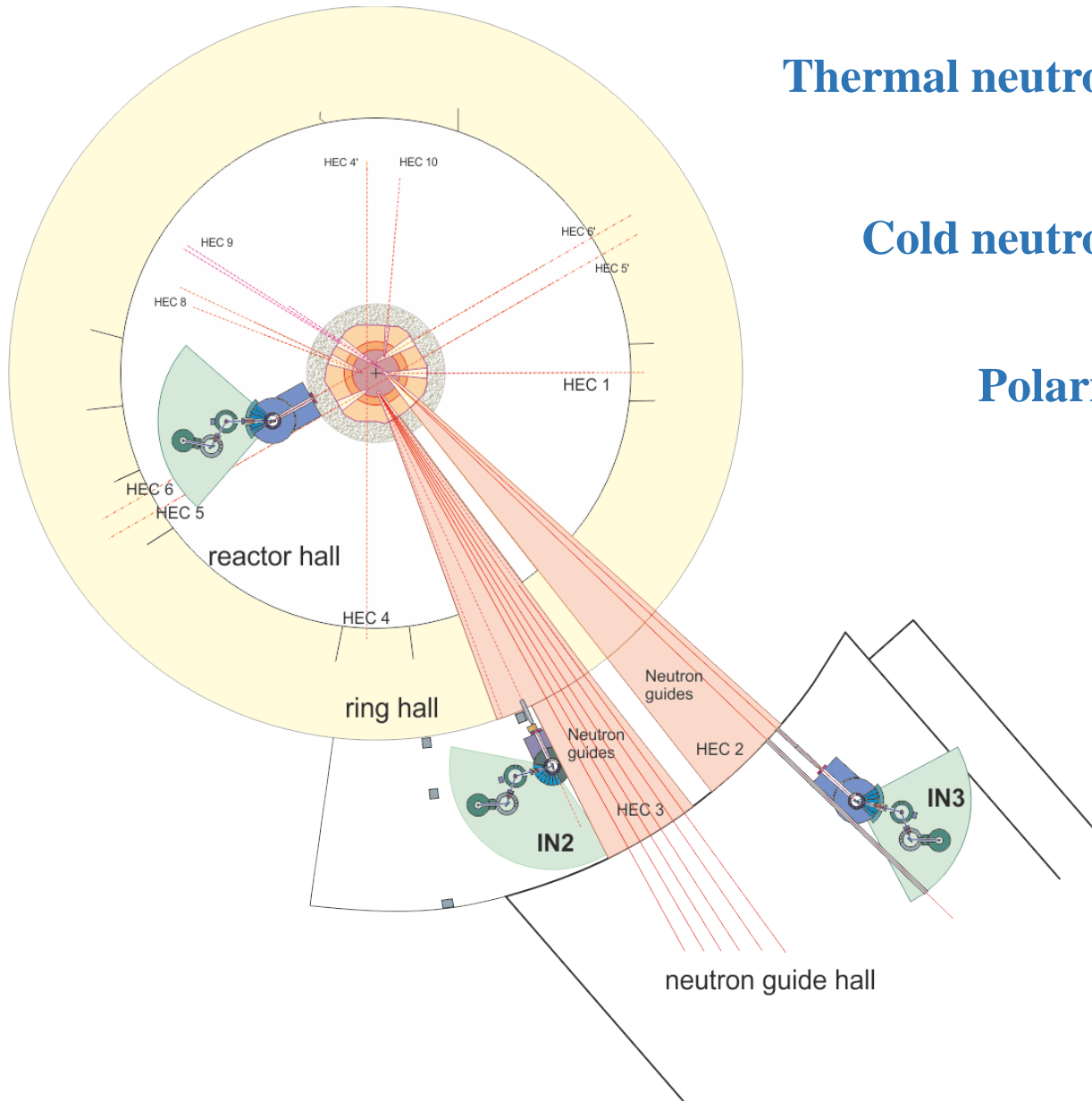




Three-axis spectrometers at PIK reactor

Current placement



IN1
Thermal neutron three-axis spectrometer

IN2
Cold neutron three-axis spectrometer

IN3
Polarized neutron spectrometer

IN1 – Thermal neutron three-axis spectrometer

Measurements of the scattering function $S(\mathbf{Q}, \omega)$ in single crystals at well defined values of the reciprocal lattice vector \mathbf{Q} and the energy ω .

Applications

- Investigations of lattice dynamics (phonons) and magnetic excitations (magnons and excitations in strongly correlated electron systems) in a wide variety of materials.
- Study of the critical phenomena at phase transitions in materials with different type of ordering.
- Studies of three-dimensional distributions of intensity of inelastic and quasielastic scattering.
- Studies of an doping and external influences (temperature, electric and magnetic fields, pressure) on the nature of phase transitions and dynamics of a lattice.
- The energy analysis of scattering in order to separate scattering from collective excitations and from slow relaxing clusters with short-range ordering.

Thermal neutron spectrometer IN1

HEC 6 thermal channel

Monochromators

PG (002) double focusing

Cu (200) double focusing

$$k_i = 2.66 \text{ \AA}^{-1} - 7.0 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$$

$$\lambda_i = 0.9 \text{ \AA} - 2.36 \text{ \AA}$$

$$E_i = 15 \text{ meV} - 100 \text{ meV}$$

Take-off angles $26^\circ - 90^\circ$

Beam cross section

$$25 \times 25 \text{ cm}^2$$

Beam size at sample

$$1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2 \div 3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^2$$

Analyzer

PG (002) (double focusing)

Detector

Single ^3He detector

Distances

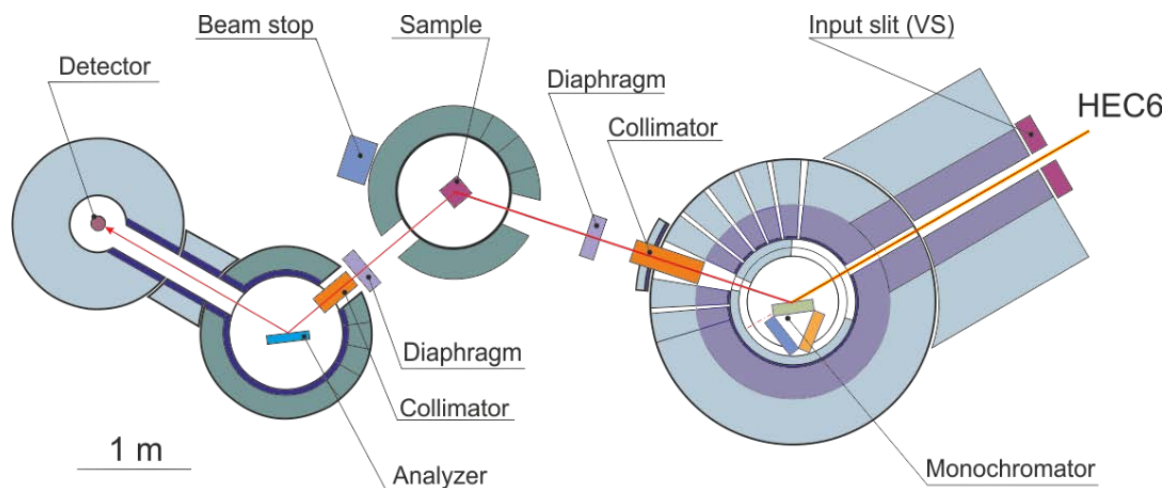
Thermal source – monochromator 575 cm

Virtual source – monochromator 200 cm

Monochromator - sample 200 cm

Sample – analyser 80 cm

Analyser – detector 60 cm



Channel height – 170 cm

IN1

Flux simulation with PG monochromator

On the sample position

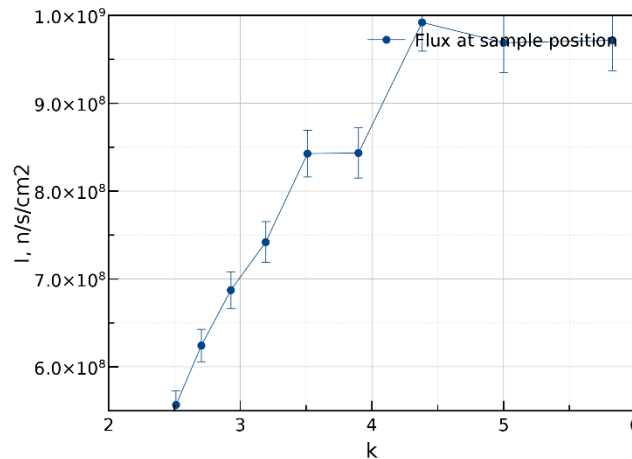
PG monochromator:
Double focusing
WxH = 300 x 300 mm²
VS slit:
WxH = 40 x 40 mm²

IN1@PNPI (simulation)
 ~ $1.0 \cdot 10^9$ n/cm²s at 1.0 Å (6.3 Å⁻¹)
 ~ $1.0 \cdot 10^9$ n/cm²s at 1.5 Å (4.2 Å⁻¹)
 ~ $5.5 \cdot 10^8$ n/cm²s at 2.5 Å (2.5 Å⁻¹)

IN8@ILL
 $6.5 \cdot 10^8$ n/cm²s at 1.5 Å
 $2.0 \cdot 10^8$ n/cm²s at 2.5 Å

PG analyzer:
Double focused
WxH = 200 x 200 mm²

PUMA @MLZ
 ~ $4.8 \cdot 10^8$ n/cm²s at 1.5 Å



Polarized analysis option

Heusler polarizer
Helmholtz coils on sample
Heusler analyzer
Two flippers (Mezei type)

IN2 – Cold neutron three-axis spectrometer

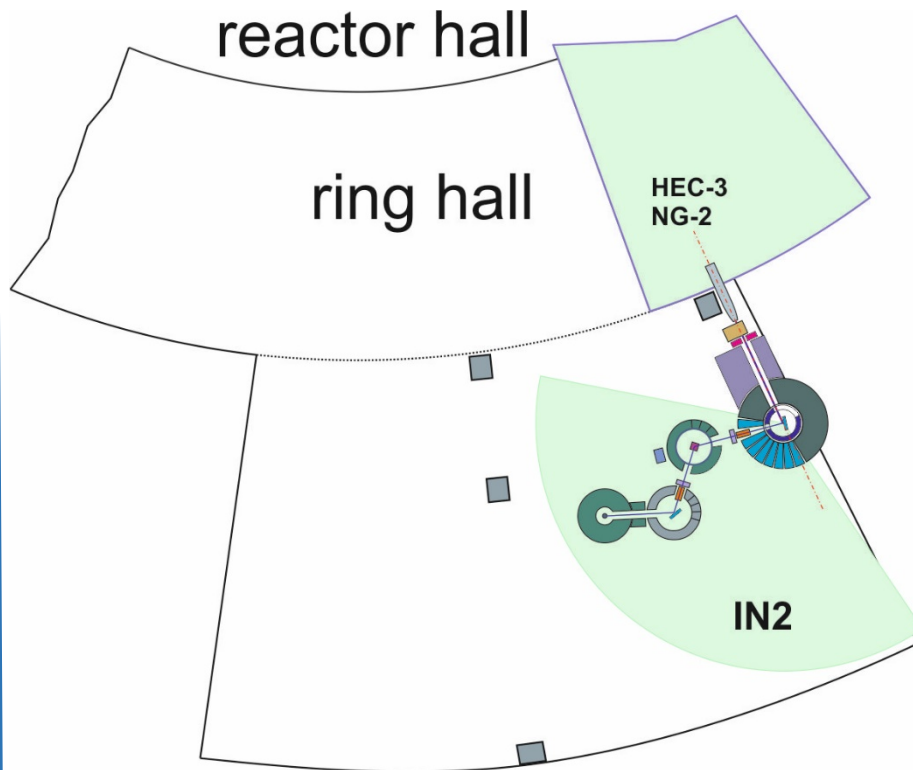
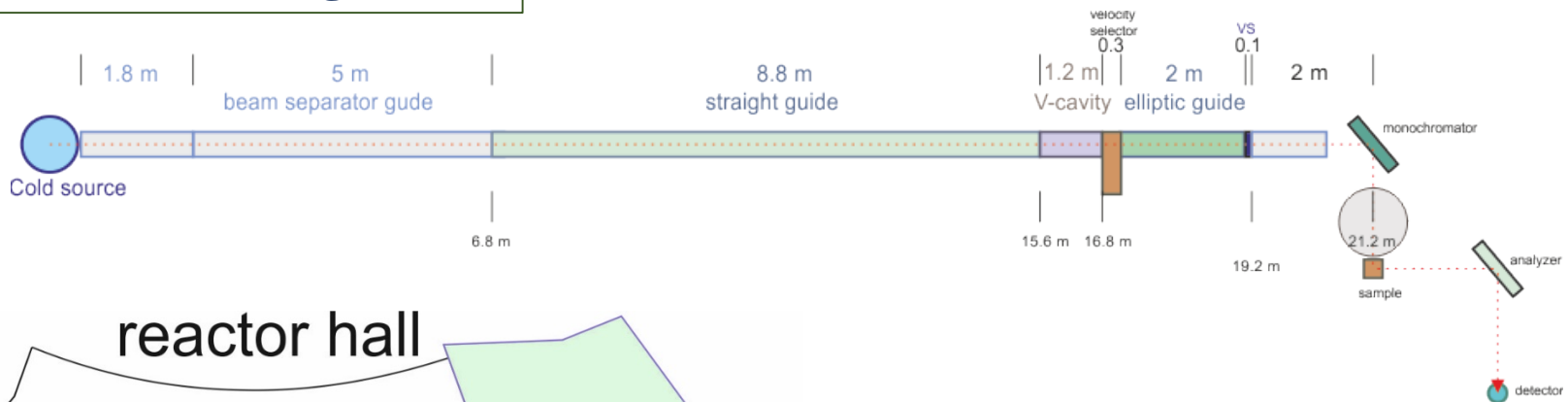
Measurements of the scattering function $S(\mathbf{Q}, \omega)$ with low energies and with high resolution.

Applications

- Elastic or inelastic high resolution investigations of low energy magnetic and lattice excitations in single crystals.
- Study of the dispersion of acoustic phonons, soft phonons, spin waves, quasi-elastic scattering.
- Investigations with high resolution for the transferred momentum and/or energy.
- Fine study of the modulated structures.
- Investigations of the critical phenomena at phase transitions in materials with different type of ordering.
- Solution of the problems of elastic scattering where the good ratio of peak/background is important.
- Studies of dynamics of disordered spin systems like spin glasses etc.

Cold neutron spectrometer IN2

HEC 3 neutron guide N2



Beam separator neutron guide:
 Length 500 cm
 Height 20 cm
 Width 7 cm

Straight neutron guide:
 Length 880 cm
 Height 20 cm
 Width 7 cm
 $m = 3$

Elliptic neutron guide:
 Length 200 cm
 Height 20 cm
 Nose width 3 cm
 $m = 3$

V-cavity:
 Length 120 cm
 2 sections
 8 channels
 Side walls $m = 3$
 V-wafers $m = 5$

Channel height – 210 cm!



Спектрина

IN2

HEC 3 cold neutron guide N2

Monochromators**PG (002) (double focusing)****Si (111) (double focusing)****Analyzers****PG (002), Si (111)**

$$k_i = 1.0 \text{ \AA}^{-1} - 4.0 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$$

$$\lambda_i = 1.5 \text{ \AA} - 6.0 \text{ \AA}$$

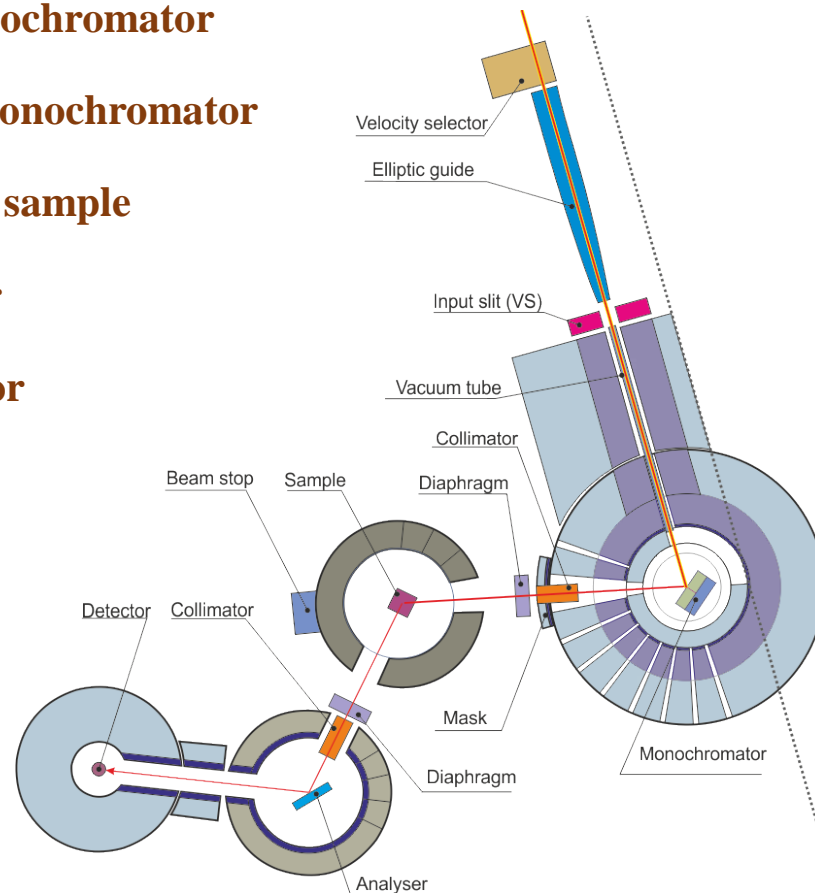
$$E_i = 2.3 \text{ meV} - 36 \text{ meV}$$

Take-off angles $26^\circ - 140^\circ$ **Beam size at sample**

$$1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2 \div 3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^2$$

Flux at sample (4.0 \AA)

$$2.15 \cdot 10^8 \text{ n/cm}^2\text{s}$$

Detectors**Single ^3He detector****Distances****Cold source - monochromator****2120 cm****Virtual source - monochromator****200 cm****Monochromator - sample****200 cm****Sample - analyzer****100 cm****Analyzer - detector****100 cm**



IN2

Estimated flux with PG monochromator

PG monochromator:

Double focused

WxH = 320 x 220 mm²

Velocity selector:

Length 30 cm

Number of blades 50

Screw angle 24°

PG analyzer:

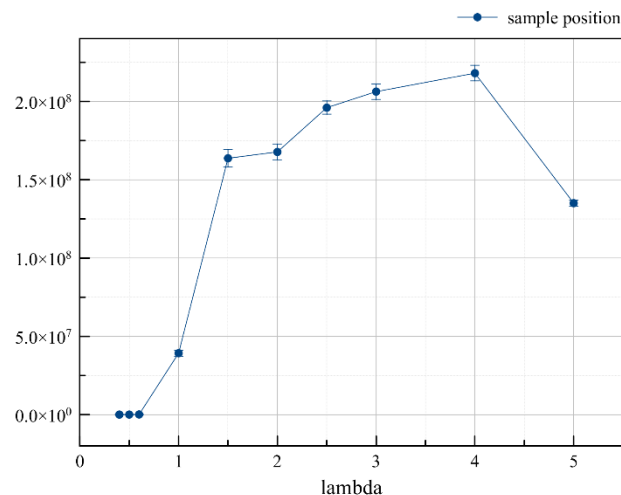
Double focused

WxH = 200 x 200 mm²

IN2@PIK (simulation)

~ 2.15 · 10⁸ n/cm²s at 4 Å

~ 1.6 · 10⁸ n/cm²s at 2.3 Å



ThALES

~ 1.2 · 10⁸ n/cm²s at 4 Å

~ 2.4 · 10⁸ n/cm²s at 2.3 Å

IN12 ~ 7 · 10⁷ n/cm²s at 4 Å

~ 1 · 10⁸ n/cm²s at 2.3 Å

without velocity selector

PANDA ~ 1.9 · 10⁷ n/cm²s at 4 Å

~ 5.5 · 10⁷ n/cm²s at 2.5 Å

with filters

Polarized analysis option

V-cavity

Helmholtz coils on monochromator
and sample

Heusler analyzer

Two flippers (Mezei type)

V-cavity:

Length 120 cm

2 sections

8 channels

Side walls m = 3

V-wafers m = 5

IN3 – Polarized neutron three-axis spectrometer

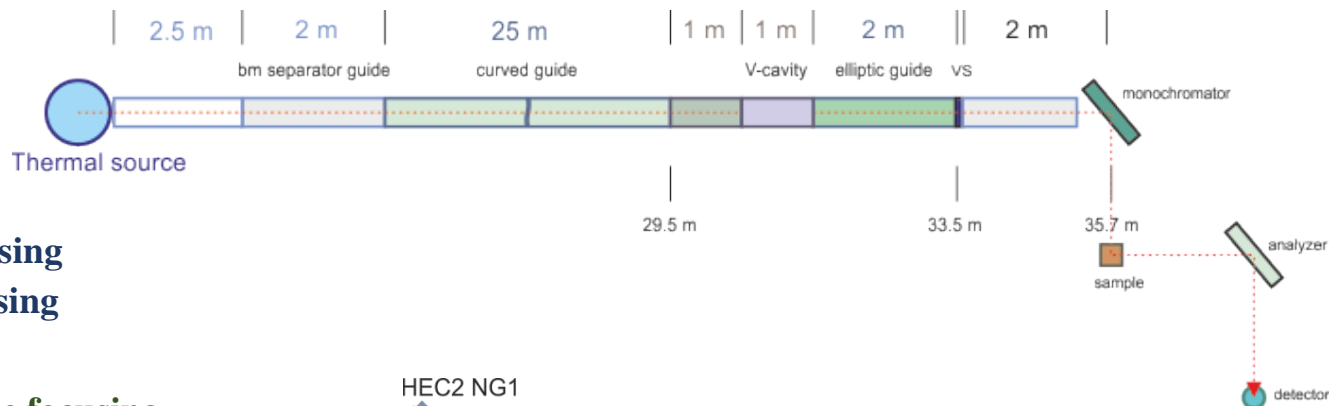
Measurements not only of the scattering function $S(\mathbf{Q}, \omega)$, but also the spin state of scattered neutrons.

Applications

- Separation of phonons and magnons in magnetic crystals.
- Direct study of complex phenomena with entangled physical degrees of freedom of spins, charges, orbitals, lattice vibration by polarization analysis.
- Study of the critical phenomena at phase transitions in materials with different type of ordering.
- Studies of three-dimensional distributions of intensity of inelastic and quasielastic scattering.
- Studies of dynamics of disordered spin systems like spin glasses etc.

Polarized neutron spectrometer IN3

HEC 2 neutron guide N1



Monochromators

PG (002) double focusing

Cu (200) double focusing

Analyzers

Cu_2MnAl (111) double focusing

PG (002) double focusing

$$k_i = 2.66 \text{ \AA}^{-1} - 7.0 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$$

$$\lambda_i = 0.9 \text{ \AA} - 2.36 \text{ \AA}$$

$$E_i = 15 \text{ meV} - 100 \text{ meV}$$

Take-off angles $26^\circ - 90^\circ$

Beam size at sample from $1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2 \div 3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^2$

Detectors Single ^3He detector

Distances

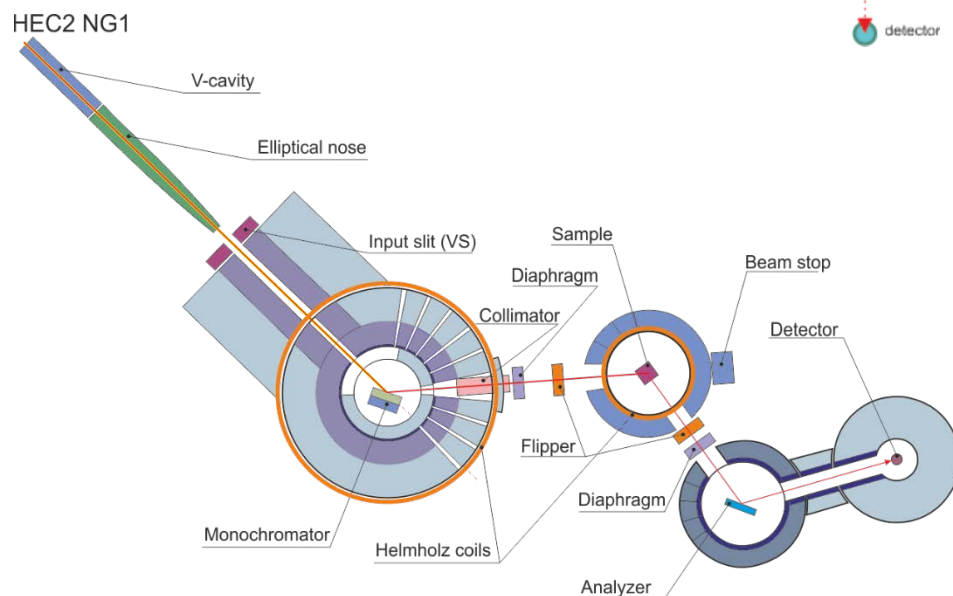
Thermal source – monochromator 35.6 m

Virtual source – monochromator 200 cm

Monochromator - sample 200 cm

Sample – analyzer 80 cm

Analyzer – detector 60 cm



NG height – 120 cm

IN3

Estimated polarized neutrons flux with PG monochromator

PG monochromator:

Double focusing

$W \times H = 320 \times 220 \text{ mm}^2$

Cu_2MnAl (111) analyzer:

Double focusing

$W \times H = 200 \times 200 \text{ mm}^2$

IN3@PIK (simulation)

$\sim 1.1 \cdot 10^8 \text{ n/cm}^2\text{s}$ at 1 \AA (6.3 \AA^{-1})

$\sim 4.1 \cdot 10^8 \text{ n/cm}^2\text{s}$ at 1.5 \AA (4.2 \AA^{-1})

$\sim 3.1 \cdot 10^8 \text{ n/cm}^2\text{s}$ at 2.5 \AA (2.5 \AA^{-1})

IN20@ILL

$0.55 \cdot 10^7 \text{ n/cm}^2\text{s}$ at 0.8 \AA

$1.05 \cdot 10^7 \text{ n/cm}^2\text{s}$ at 1.5 \AA

$7 \cdot 10^7 \text{ n/cm}^2\text{s}$ at 2.5 \AA

with sapphire filter 😊

Polarized analysis units

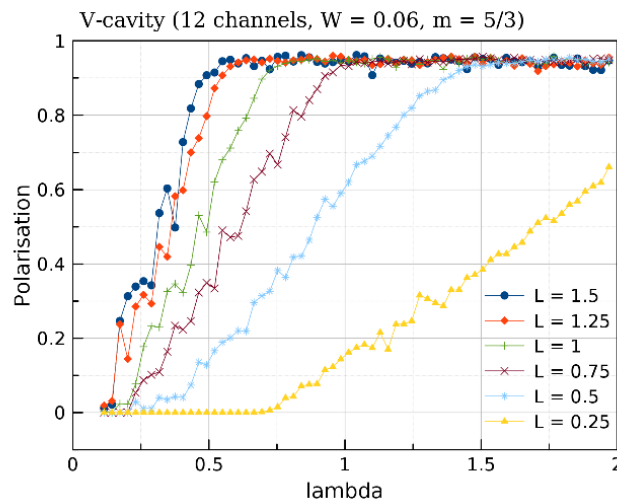
V-cavity:

Length 100 cm

12 channels

Side walls $m = 3$

V-wafers $m = 5$

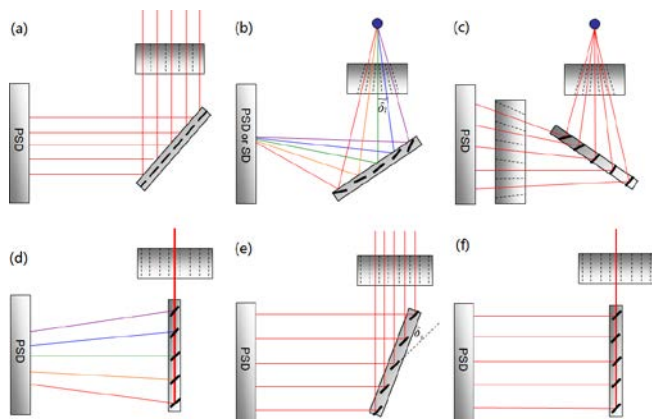


Helmholtz coils on monochromator
and sample

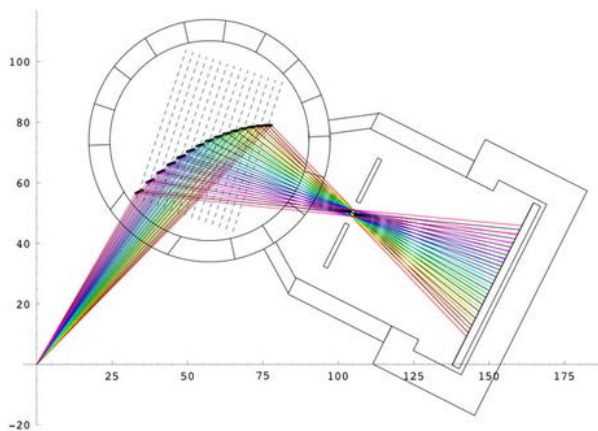
Heusler analyzer

Two flippers (Mezei type)

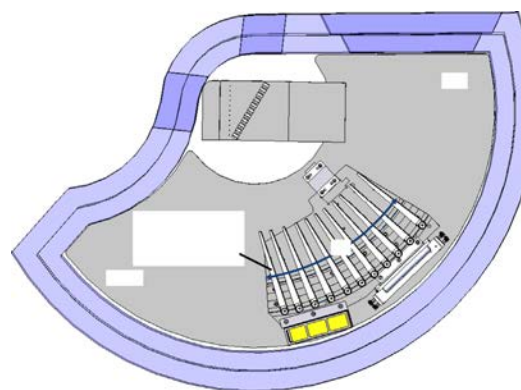
Option – Multiplexing analyzer



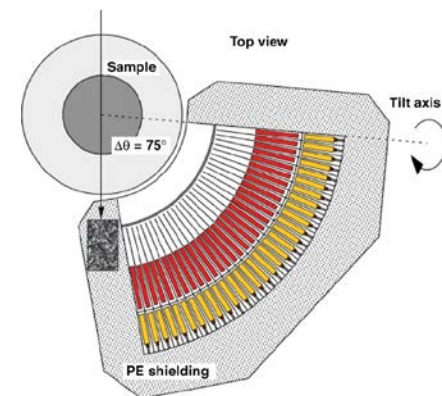
Multiplexing analyzer @ANSTO



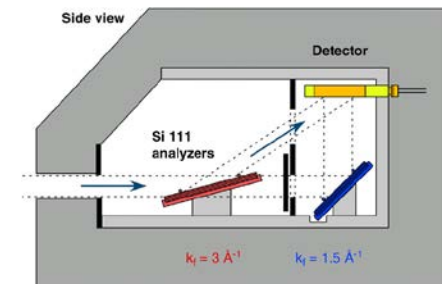
Multi-analyzer UFO (Universal Focusing Option) @ILL



Multianalyzer system PUMA@MLZ



Multianalyzer FlatCone @ILL





PNPI TAS group

Igor Zobkalo – project leader

Sergey Gavrilov – instrument scientist

Yury Kireenko – PhD student, MC simulations

+ in nearest future

Alexandr Ovsyanikov – PhD student, future instrument scientist

Anna Matveeva – PhD student, future instrument scientist

Maria Yuzvuk – PhD student, future instrument scientist



**Thank you
for
your attention!**